## **Federal Acquisition Regulation**

## 13.302 Purchase orders.

#### 13.302-1 General.

- (a) Except as provided under the unpriced purchase order method (see 13.302-2), purchase orders generally are issued on a fixed-price basis. See 12.207 for acquisition of commercial items.
  - (b) Purchase orders shall—
- (1) Specify the quantity of supplies or scope of services ordered;
- (2) Contain a determinable date by which delivery of the supplies or performance of the services is required;
- (3) Provide for inspection as prescribed in part 46. Generally, inspection and acceptance should be at destination. Source inspection should be specified only if required by part 46. When inspection and acceptance will be performed at destination, advance copies of the purchase order or equivalent notice shall be furnished to the consignee(s) for material receipt purposes. Receiving reports shall be accomplished immediately upon receipt and acceptance of supplies;
- (4) Specify f.o.b. destination for supplies to be delivered within the United States, except Alaska or Hawaii, unless there are valid reasons to the contrary; and
- (5) Include any trade and prompt payment discounts that are offered, consistent with the applicable principles at 14.408–3.
- (c) The contracting officer's signature on purchase orders shall be in accordance with 4.101 and the definitions at 2.101. Facsimile and electronic signature may be used in the production of purchase orders by automated methods.
- (d) Limit the distribution of copies of purchase orders and related forms to the minimum deemed essential for administration and transmission of contractual information.
- (e) In accordance with 31 U.S.C. 3332, electronic funds transfer (EFT) is required for payments except as provided in 32.1110. See Subpart 32.11 for instructions for use of the appropriate clause in purchase orders. When obtaining oral quotes, the contracting officer shall inform the quoter of the EFT

clause that will be in any resulting purchase order.

 $[62\ {\rm FR}\ 64917,\ {\rm Dec.}\ 9,\ 1997,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 64\ {\rm FR}\ 10540,\ {\rm Mar.}\ 4,\ 1999]$ 

### 13.302-2 Unpriced purchase orders.

- (a) An unpriced purchase order is an order for supplies or services, the price of which is not established at the time of issuance of the order.
- (b) An unpriced purchase order may be used only when—
- (1) It is impractical to obtain pricing in advance of issuance of the purchase order; and
  - (2) The purchase is for-
- (i) Repairs to equipment requiring disassembly to determine the nature and extent of repairs;
- (ii) Material available from only one source and for which cost cannot readily be established; or
- (iii) Supplies or services for which prices are known to be competitive, but exact prices are not known (e.g., miscellaneous repair parts, maintenance agreements).
- (c) Unpriced purchase orders may be issued on paper or electronically. A realistic monetary limitation, either for each line item or for the total order, shall be placed on each unpriced purchase order. The monetary limitation shall be an obligation subject to adjustment when the firm price is established. The contracting office shall follow up on each order to ensure timely pricing. The contracting officer or the contracting officer's designated representative shall review the invoice price and, if reasonable (see 13.106–3(a)), process the invoice for payment.

# 13.302-3 Obtaining contractor acceptance and modifying purchase orders.

- (a) When it is desired to consummate a binding contract between the parties before the contractor undertakes performance, the contracting officer shall require written (see 2.101) acceptance of the purchase order by the contractor.
- (b) Each purchase order modification shall identify the order it modifies and shall contain an appropriate modification number.
- (c) A contractor's written acceptance of a purchase order modification may be required only if—